PRODUCT INFORMATION

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS

ISSUED DATE : 2011-5-19

SAMSUNG TFT-LCD PRODUCT INFORMATION

MODEL : LTM200KT10

Note : This is Product Information is subject to change after 3 months of issuing date.

Application Engineering Group

LCD Division, Samsung Electronics Co. , LTD.

wise view™

SAMSUNG TFT-LCD

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	1/33

Contents

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	**2/33**

General Description

Description

LTM200KT10 is a color active matrix liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor) as switching components. This model is composed of a TFT LCD panel, a driver circuit and a back light unit. The resolution of a 20" is 1600 x 900 and this model can display up to 16.7 millions colors.

Features

- High contrast ratio, high aperture structure
- High speed response
- 20"W HD+ (1,600 x 900 pixels) resolution
- White LED Edge slim Backlight (1-side)
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface (2pixel/clock)
- Compact Size Design
- RoHS compliance
- TCO 5.1 compliances
    (Except for 2.2 response time; this product does not have over driving function.
        It is recommended to support in system level)
- Halogen Free

Applications

- Multi-functional monitor products
- Display terminals for AV application products
- Monitors for industrial machine
   * If the module is used to other applications besides the above, please contact SEC in advance.

General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Pixel Pitch	276.75(H) x 276.75(W)	um	
Active Display Area	442.8(H) x 249.075(V)	mm	
Surface Treatment	Haze 25% , Hard coating (3H)		
Display Colors	16.7M	colors	
Number of Pixels	1,600 x 900	pixel	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Mode	Normally White		
Luminance of White	250(Typ.)	cd/㎡	

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	3/33

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Mechanical Information

Item		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module size	Horizontal (H)	462.3	462.8	463.3	mm	-
	Vertical (V)	271.5	272.0	272.5	mm	
	Depth (D)	-	-	10.3	mm	-
Weight		-	-	1700	g	LCD module only

Note (1) Mechanical tolerance is $\pm$ 0.5mm unless there is a special comment.

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

If the condition exceeds maximum ratings, it can cause malfunction or unrecoverable damage to the device.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	GND-0.5	5.5	V	(1)
Data Signal	V_{sig}	-	5	V	
Storage temperature	T_{STG}	-25	60	℃	(2)
Center of Glass surface temperature (Operation)	T_{OPR}	0	50	℃	(2)
Shock (non - operating)	S_{nop}	-	50	G	(3)(5)
Vibration (non - operating)	V_{nop}	-	1.5	G	(4)(5)

Note (1) Ta= 25 $\pm$ 2 ˚C

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	**4/33**

(2) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.
    a. 90 % RH Max. (Ta ≤ 39 °C)
    b. Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less. (Ta ≤ 39 °C)
    c. No condensation
(3) 11ms, sine wave, one time for ±X, ±Y, ±Z axis
(4) 10-300 Hz, Sweep rate 10min, 30min for X,Y,Z axis
(5) At vibration and shock test, the fixture which holds the module to be tested has to be
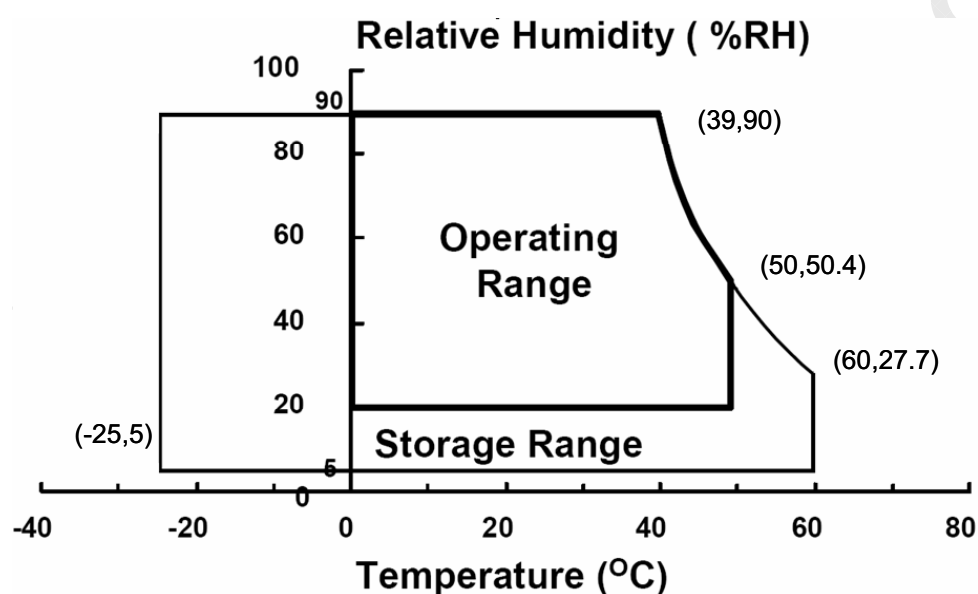   hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

Fig. Temperature and Relative humidity range

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	5/33

2. Optical Characteristics

PRODUCT INFORMATION

The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room or equivalent.
Measuring equipment : SR-3, RD-80S (TOPCON), EZ-Contrast (Eldim)

(Ta = 25 ± 2°C, VDD=5V,   fv= 60Hz, fDCLK=59.2MHz, If = 120 mA)

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio (Center of screen)		C/R		600	1000	-		(3) SR-3
Response Time(On/Off)	On/Off	Tr + Tf		-	5	10	msec	(5) RD-80S
Luminance of White (Center of screen)		Y_L		200	250	-	cd/m^2	(6) SR-3
Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931)	Red	Rx	Normal $\theta_{L,R}$=0 $\theta_{U,D}$=0 Viewing Angle	- 0.030	0.636	+ 0.030		(7),(8) SR-3
		Ry			0.339			
	Green	Gx			0.319			
		Gy			0.618			
	Blue	Bx			0.154			
		By			0.049			
	White	Wx			0.313			
		Wy			0.329			
Color Chromaticity (CIE 1976)	Red	Ru'		-	0.439	-		
		Rv'		-	0.526	-		
	Green	Gu'		-	0.130	-		
		Gv'		-	0.569	-		
	Blue	Bu'		-	0.188	-		
		Bv'		-	0.134	-		
	White	Wu'		-	0.198	-		
		Wv'		-	0.468	-		
C.G.L (ACC ONLY)	White	△u'v'		-	-	0.02		(9)

* C.G.L : Color Grayscale Linearity

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	6/33

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Color Gamut		-		-	72	-	%	
Color Temperature		-		-	6500	-	K	
Viewing Angle	Hor.	θ_L	CR≥10	70	80	-	Degrees	(8) EZ-Contrast
		θ_R		70	80	-		
	Ver.	θ_U		70	80	-		
		θ_D		70	80	-		
Brightness Uniformity (9 Points)		B_{uni}		-	-	25	%	(4) SR-3

Note (1) Test Equipment Setup

　　　　The measurement should be executed in a stable, windless and dark room between
　　　30min after lighting the back light at the given temperature for stabilization
　　　of the back light. This should be measured in the center of screen.

　LED forward current : 360 mA　　　Environment condition : Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

Photo detector	Field
SR-3	2°

Photo detector

Field

SR-3 : 40㎝
RD-80S : 50㎝

TFT - LCD Module

LCD Panel

The center of the screen

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	7/33
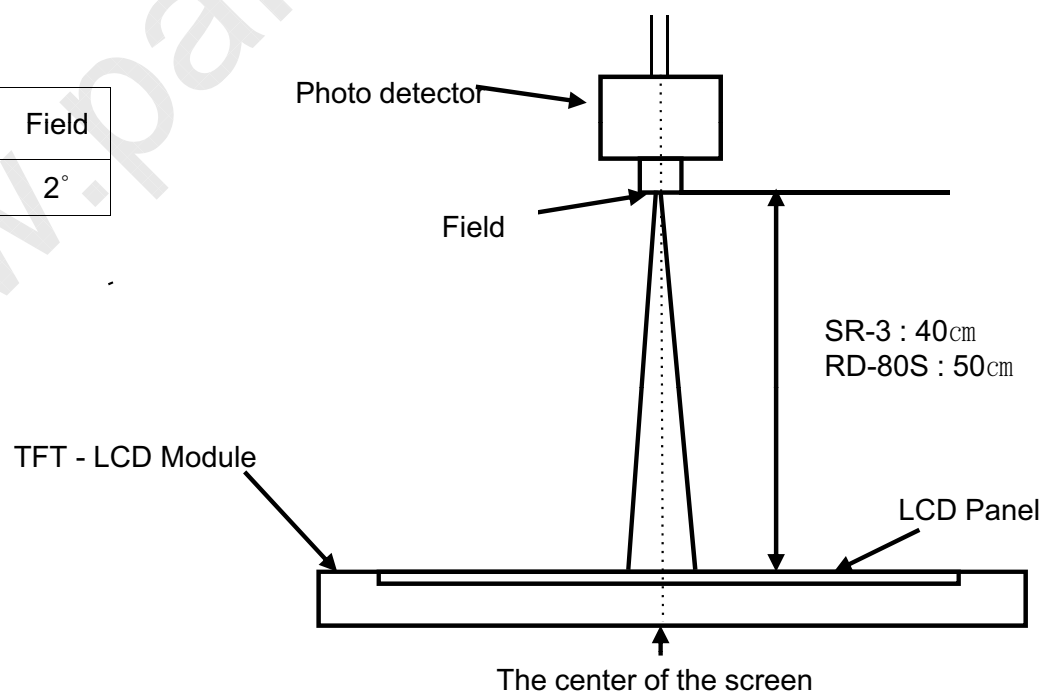
Note (2) Definition of test point

Active Area

160　　800　　1440

9	8	7	90
6	5	4	450
3	2	1	810

◯ : Test Point
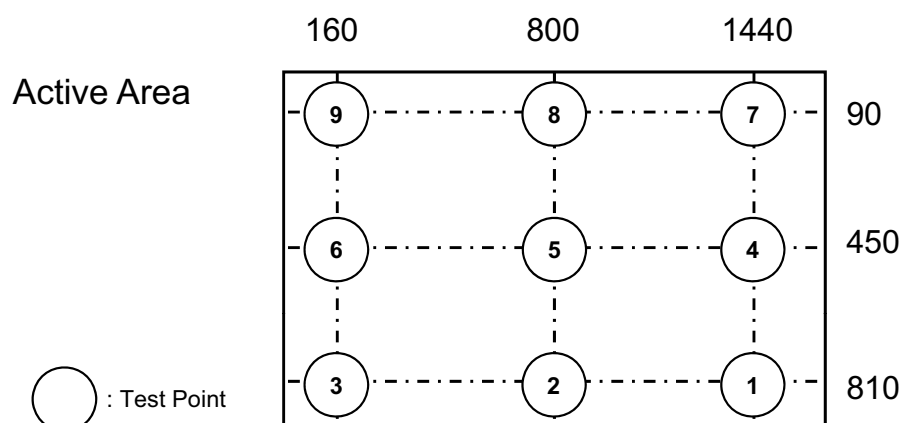
Note (3) Definition of Contrast Ratio (C/R)

: Ratio of gray max (Gmax) & gray min (Gmin) at the center point⑤ of the panel

$$CR = \frac{G\max}{G\min}$$

Gmax : Luminance with all pixels white
Gmin : Luminance with all pixels black
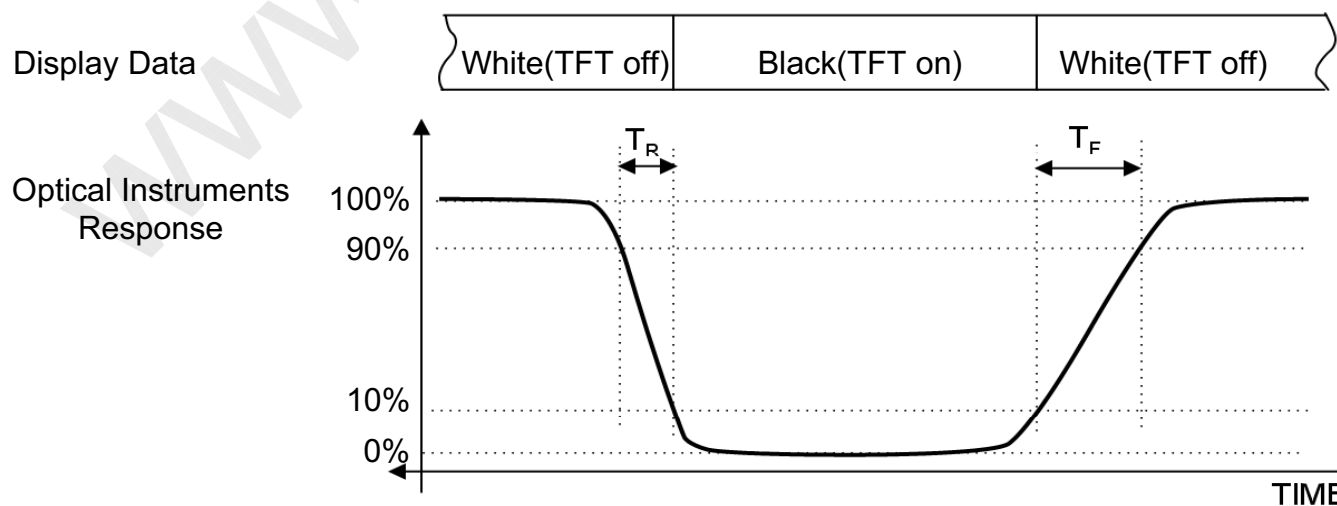
Note (4) Definition of 9 points brightness uniformity

$$Buni = 100 \times \frac{(B\max - B\min)}{B\max}$$

Bmax : Maximum brightness
Bmin : Minimum brightness

Note (5) Definition of Response time : Sum of Tr, Tf

Display Data

| White(TFT off) | Black(TFT on) | White(TFT off) |

Optical Instruments Response

T_R　　　T_F

100%
90%

10%
0%

TIME

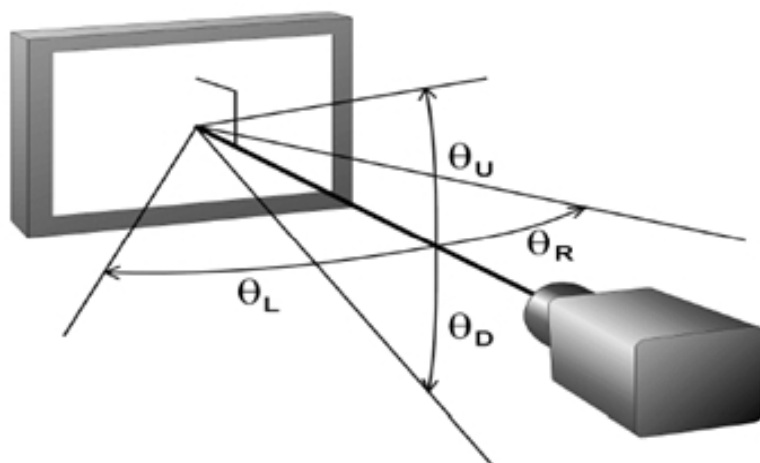| **MODEL** | LTM200KT10 | Page | **8/33** |

Note (6) Definition of Luminance of White : Luminance of white at center point⑤

Note (7) Definition of Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931, CIE1976)
Color coordinate of Red, Green, Blue & White at center point ⑤

Note (8) Definition of Viewing Angle
: Viewing angle range (CR ≥ 10)

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	**9/33**

Note (9) Color Grayscale Linearity

a. Test image : 100% full white pattern with a test pattern as below

b. Test pattern : Squares, 40mm by 40mm in size, filled with 255, 225, 195, 165, 135 and 105 grays steps should be arranged at the center ⑤ of the screen.

c. Test method

-1st gray step : move a square of 255 gray level should be moved into the center of the screen and measure luminance and u' and v' coordinates.

- Next gray step : Move a 225 gray square into the center and measure both luminance and coordinates, too.

d. Test evaluation

$$\Delta u'v' = \sqrt{(u'_A - u'_B)^2 + (v'_A - v'_B)^2}$$

Where A, B : 2 gray levels found to have the largest color differences between them

i.e. get the largest Δu' and Δv' of each 6 pair of u' and v' and calculate the Δu'v'.

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	**10/33**

3. Electrical Characteristics

3.1 TFT LCD Module

The connector for display data & timing signal should be connected.

Ta = 25°C

Item		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Voltage of Power Supply		V_{DD}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	(1)
Current of Power Supply	(a) Black	I_{DD}	-	550	-	mA	(5),(6)
	(b) White		-	550	-	mA	
	(c) Dot		-	1100	1300	mA	
Vsync Frequency		f_V	50.0	60.0	75.0	Hz	
Hsync Frequency		f_H	46.3	56.0	70.4	kHz	
Main Frequency		f_{DCLK}	48.5	59.2	76.1	MHz	
Rush Current		I_{RUSH}	-	-	3.0	A	(7)

Note (1) The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{DD}.

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	**11/33**

(2) Differential receiver voltage definitions and propagation delay and transition time test circuit
   a. All input pulses have frequency = 10MHz, t_R or t_F=1ns
   b. C_L includes all probe and fixture capacitance
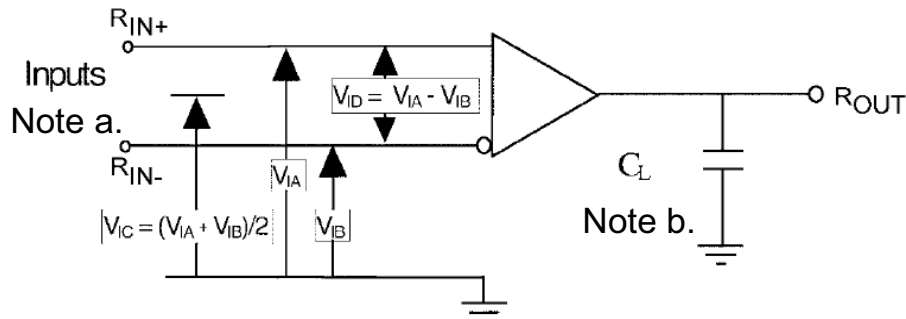
(3) LVDS Receiver DC parameters are measured under static and steady conditions which may not be reflective of its performance in the end application.
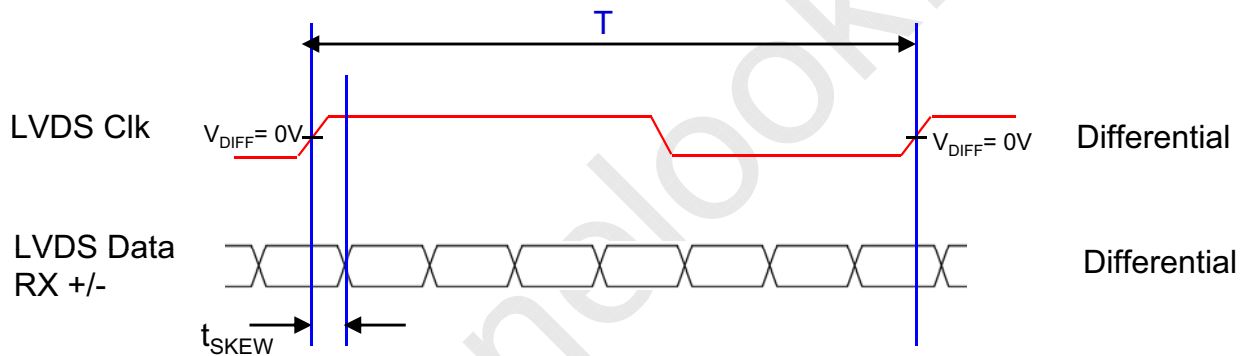
where tskew : skew between LVDS clock & LVDS data,
         T   : 1 period time of LVDS clock
         cf) (-/+) of 300psec means LVDS data goes before or after LVDS clock.

(4) Definition of V_{ID} and V_{CM} using single-end signals

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	12/33

(5) fV=60Hz, fDCLK = 59.2MHz,   VDD = 5.0V, DC Current.

(6) Power dissipation check pattern (LCD Module only)
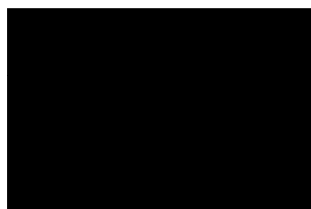
a) Black Pattern   b) White Pattern   c) Dot Pattern
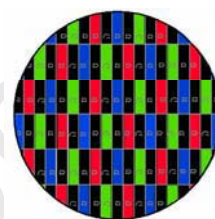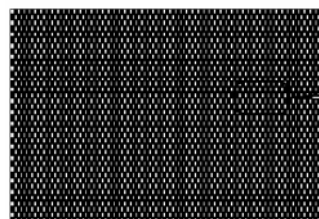
(7) Measurement Condition

T_{RUSH}=470μs
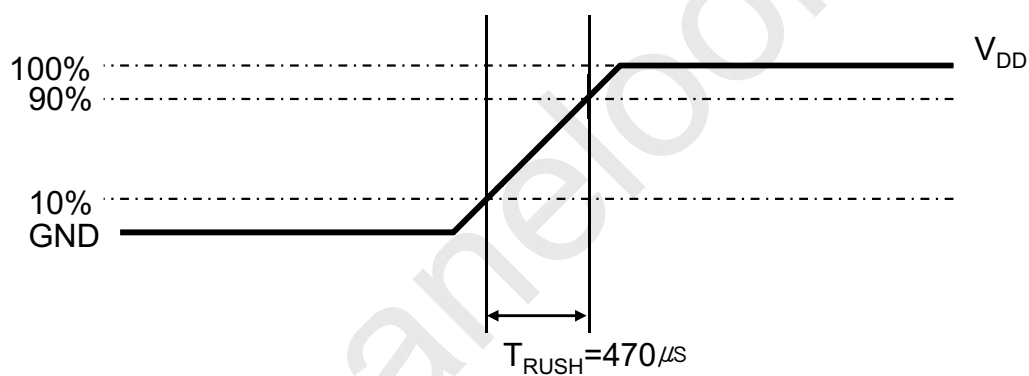
Rush Current I_{RUSH} can be measured when T_{RUSH}. is 470μs.

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	**13/33**

3.2 Back Light Unit

3.2.1 The characteristics of LED bar

The back light unit is composed of WLED.

Ta=25 $\pm$ 2°C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
LED Forward Current	I_F	-	120	-	mA	(1) /ch
LED Array Voltage	V_P	-	25.6	-	V	-
Operating Life Time	Hr	30,000	-	-	Hour	(2)

Note (1) The above specification is not for the converter output, but for the LED bar.
        The LED bar consists of 24 LED packages ; 3 parallel X 8 serial.
        (LED 1 parallel Typ. current : 120mA)
     (2) Life time(Hr) is defined as the time when brightness of a LED package itself
        becomes 50% or less than its original value at the condition of Ta=25 $\pm$ 2°C
        and I_F = 120 mA.

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	14/33

4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD Module

USI2

Control signal

Source Driver ICs

S1　　　　　　　　S 1600

LVDS pair #1

LVDS pair #2

CN1 (30pin)

+5.0V V$_{DD}$

LVDS (Rx)

USI-2(Tx)

Timing Controller

Power Circuit

Control signal

TFT-LCD
(1600 x RGB x 900 pixels)
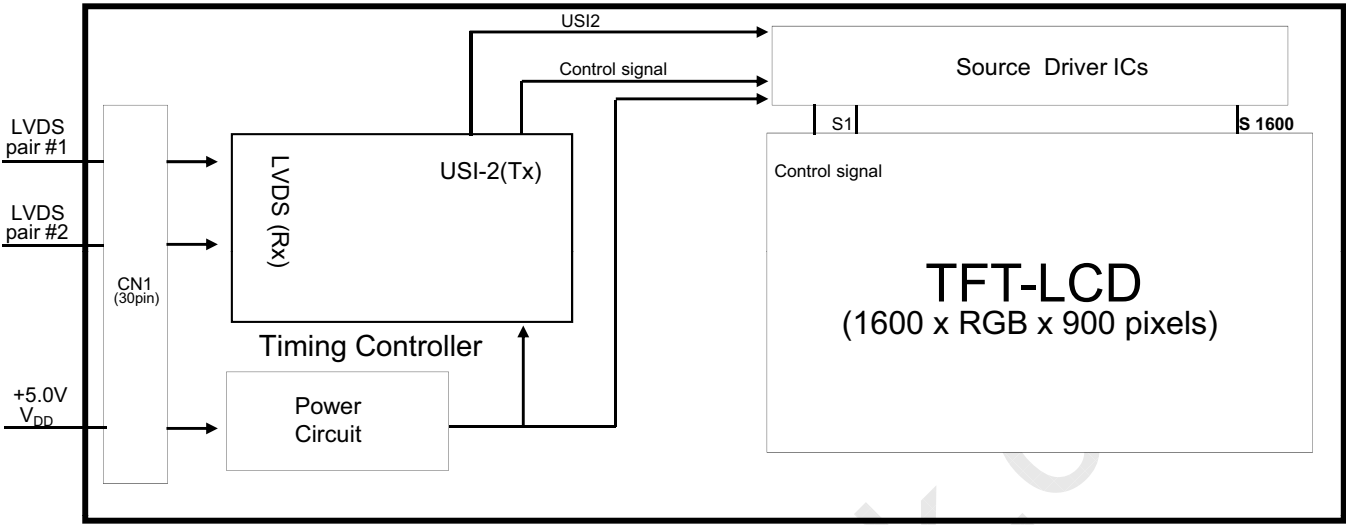
4.2 Back Light Unit

Connector: Molex 104086-0410 or equivalent
((Matching Connector : Molex 104085-0400 or equivalent)

LED bar

LED Power

LED Return signal

LED Power

LED Return signal

4-pin connector

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	15/33

5. Input Terminal Pin Assignment

5.1. Input Signal & Power (Connector : UJU IS100-L30B-C23 or equivalent)

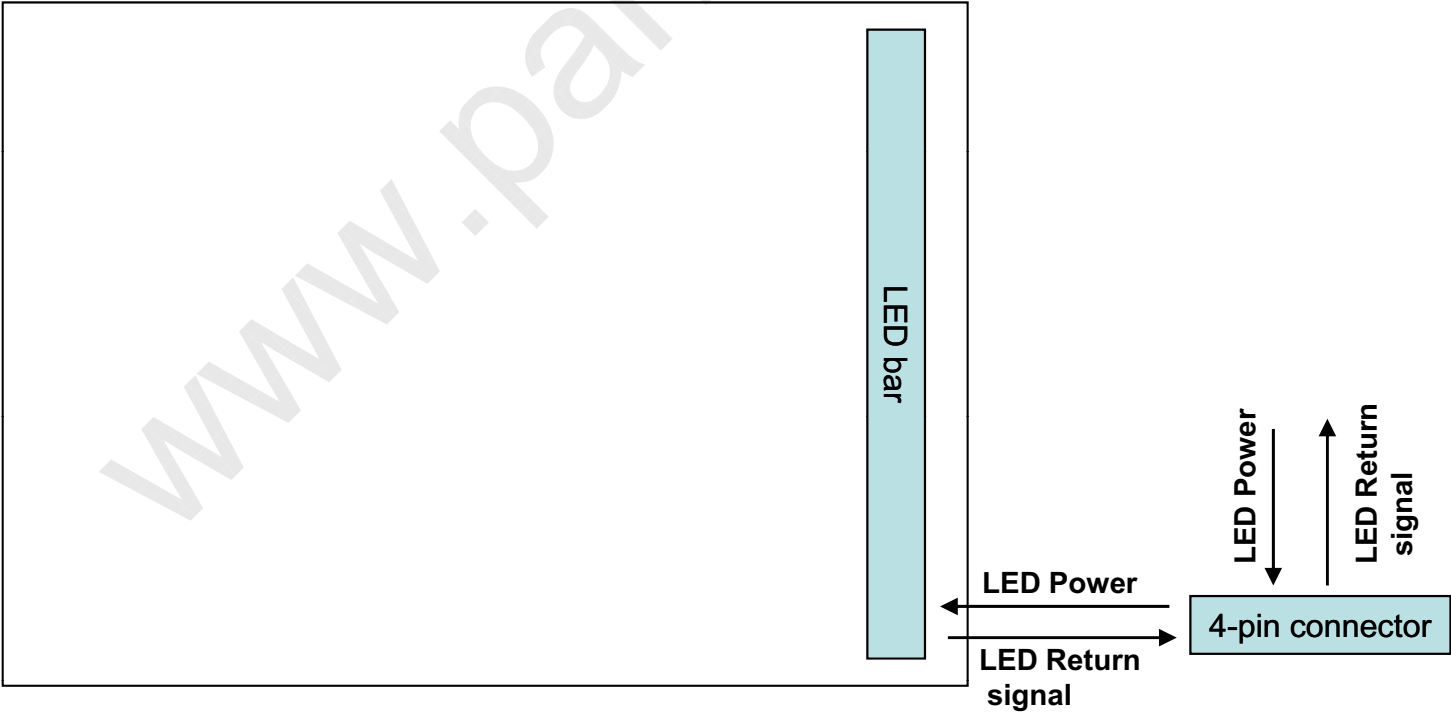| PIN NO	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data output (ODD data)
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data output (ODD data)
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data output (ODD data)
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data output (ODD data)
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data output (ODD data)
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data output (ODD data)
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative Sampling Clock (ODD data)
9	RXOC+	Positive Sampling Clock (ODD data)
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data output
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data output
12	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data output (EVEN data)
13	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data output (EVEN data)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data output (EVEN data)
16	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data output (EVEN data)
17	GND	Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data output (EVEN data)
19	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data output (EVEN data)
20	RXEC-	Negative Sampling Clock (EVEN data)
21	RXEC+	Positive Sampling Clock (EVEN data)
22	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data output (EVEN data)
23	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data output (EVEN data)
24	GND	Ground
25	NC	* CE (For LCD internal use only. Do not connect)
26	NC	* CTL (For LCD internal use only. Do not connect)
27	NC	No Connection
28	VDD	Power Supply : +5V
29	VDD	
30	VDD	

* If the system already uses the 25, 26pins, it should keep under GND level
   The voltage applied to those pins should not exceed -200mV.

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	16/33

Note) Pin number starts from Left side

PCB

Pin No. 1   Pin No. 30

#1   #30

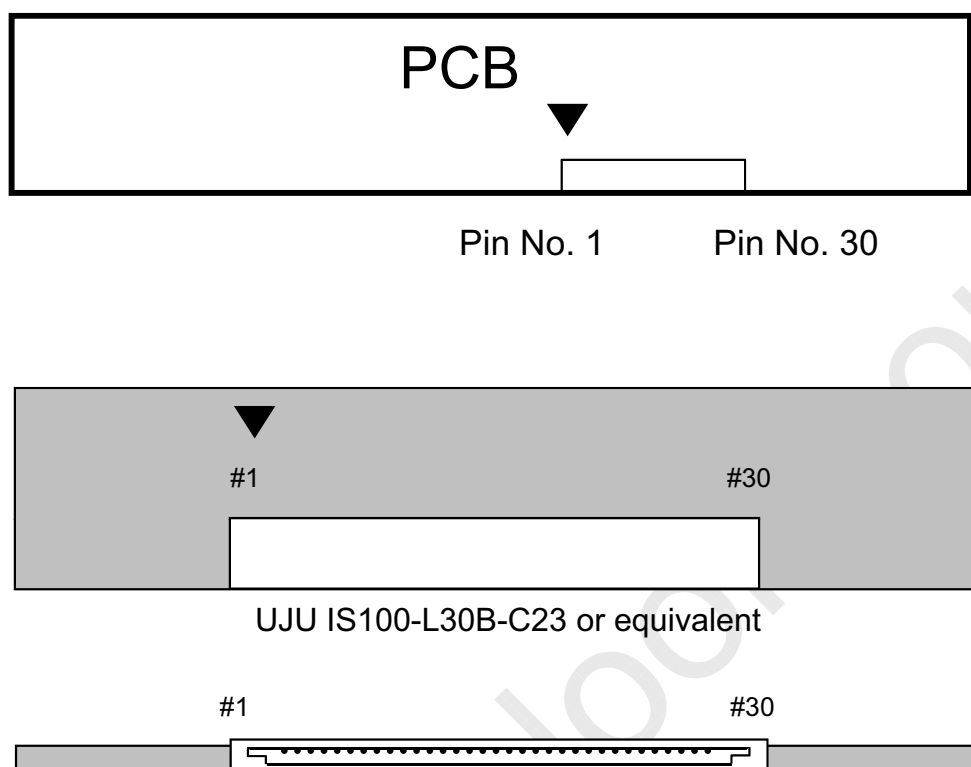UJU IS100-L30B-C23 or equivalent

#1   #30

Fig. Connector diagram

a. All GND pins should be connected together and also be connected
   to the LCD's metal chassis.
b. All power input pins should be connected together.
c. All NC pins should be separated from other signal or power.

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	**17/33**

5.2 LVDS Interface (1)

5.2.1 Odd Pixel Data (1st pixel data)

LVDS Transmitter (DS90C383, DS90C385) Signal Interface						
Device Input Pin		Device Input Signal		Output Signal	To LTM200KT10 Interface (CN1)	
No	Symbol	Symbol	Function		Terminal	Symbol
51	TXIN0	RO0	Red Odd Pixel Data (LSB)	TXOUT0-TXOUT0+	No. 1 No. 2	RXO0-RXO0+
52	TXIN1	RO1	Red Odd Pixel Data			
54	TXIN2	RO2	Red Odd Pixel Data			
55	TXIN3	RO3	Red Odd Pixel Data			
56	TXIN4	RO4	Red Odd Pixel Data			
2	TXIN5	RO7	Red Odd Pixel Data (MSB)	TXOUT3-TXOUT3+	No. 10 No. 11	RXO3-RXO3+
3	TXIN6	RO5	Red Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT0-TXOUT0+	No. 1 No. 2	RXO0-RXO0+
4	TXIN7	GO0	Green Odd Pixel Data (LSB)			
6	TXIN8	GO1	Green Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT1-TXOUT1+	No. 3 No. 4	RXO1-RXO1+
7	TXIN9	GO2	Green Odd Pixel Data			
8	TXIN10	GO6	Green Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT3-TXOUT3+	No. 10 No. 11	RXO3-RXO3+
10	TXIN11	GO7	Green Odd Pixel Data (MSB)			
11	TXIN12	GO3	Green Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT1-TXOUT1+	No. 3 No. 4	RXO1-RXO1+
12	TXIN13	GO4	Green Odd Pixel Data			
14	TXIN14	GO5	Green Odd Pixel Data			
15	TXIN15	BO0	Blue Odd Pixel Data (LSB)			
16	TXIN16	BO6	Blue Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT3-TXOUT3+	No. 10 No. 11	RXO3-RXO3+
18	TXIN17	BO7	Blue Odd Pixel Data (MSB)			
19	TXIN18	BO1	Blue Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT1-TXOUT1+	No. 3 No. 4	RXO1-RXO1+
20	TXIN19	BO2	Blue Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT2-TXOUT2+	No. 5 No. 6	RXO2-RXO2+
22	TXIN20	BO3	Blue Odd Pixel Data			
23	TXIN21	BO4	Blue Odd Pixel Data			
24	TXIN22	BO5	Blue Odd Pixel Data			
50	TXIN27	RO6	Red Odd Pixel Data	TXOUT3-TXOUT3+	No. 10 No. 11	RXO3-RXO3+

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	18/33

5.2.2 Even Pixel Data (2nd pixel data)

LVDS Transmitter (DS90C383, DS90C385) Signal Interface						
Device Input Pin		Device Input Signal		Output Signal	To LTM200KT10 Interface (CN1)	
No	Symbol	Symbol	Function		Terminal	Symbol
51	TXIN0	RE0	Red Even Pixel Data (LSB)	TXOUT0-TXOUT0+	No. 12 No. 13	RXE0-RXE0+
52	TXIN1	RE1	Red Even Pixel Data			
54	TXIN2	RE2	Red Even Pixel Data			
55	TXIN3	RE3	Red Even Pixel Data			
56	TXIN4	RE4	Red Even Pixel Data			
2	TXIN5	RE7	Red Even Pixel Data (MSB)	TXOUT3-TXOUT3+	No. 22 No. 23	RXE3-RXE3+
3	TXIN6	RE5	Red Even Pixel Data	TXOUT0-TXOUT0+	No. 12 No. 13	RXE0-RXE0+
4	TXIN7	GE0	Green Even Pixel Data (LSB)			
6	TXIN8	GE1	Green Even Pixel Data	TXOUT1-TXOUT1+	No. 15 No. 16	RXE1-RXE1+
7	TXIN9	GE2	Green Even Pixel Data			
8	TXIN10	GE6	Green Even Pixel Data	TXOUT3-TXOUT3+	No. 22 No. 23	RXE3-RXE3+
10	TXIN11	GE7	Green Even Pixel Data (MSB)			
11	TXIN12	GE3	Green Even Pixel Data	TXOUT1-TXOUT1+	No. 15 No. 16	RXE1-RXE1+
12	TXIN13	GE4	Green Even Pixel Data			
14	TXIN14	GE5	Green Even Pixel Data			
15	TXIN15	BE0	Blue Even Pixel Data (LSB)			
16	TXIN16	BE6	Blue Even Pixel Data	TXOUT3-TXOUT3+	No. 22 No. 23	RXE3-RXE3+
18	TXIN17	BE7	Blue Even Pixel Data (MSB)			
19	TXIN18	BE1	Blue Even Pixel Data	TXOUT1-TXOUT1+	No. 15 No. 16	RXE1-RXE1+
20	TXIN19	BE2	Blue Even Pixel Data	TXOUT2-TXOUT2+	No. 18 No. 19	RXE2-RXE2+
22	TXIN20	BE3	Blue Even Pixel Data			
23	TXIN21	BE4	Blue Even Pixel Data			
24	TXIN22	BE5	Blue Even Pixel Data			
50	TXIN27	RE6	Red Even Pixel Data	TXOUT3-TXOUT3+	No. 22 No. 23	RXE3-RXE3+

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	19/33

5.2 LVDS Interface (2)

5.2.3 Odd Pixel Data (1st pixel data)

LVDS Transmitter (DS90C387) Signal Interface						
Device Input Pin		Device Input Signal		Output Signal	To LTM200KT10 Interface (CN1)	
No	Symbol	Symbol	Function		Terminal	Symbol
10	R10	RO0	Red Odd Pixel Data (LSB)	A0M A0P	No. 1 No. 2	RXO0- RXO0+
9	R11	RO1	Red Odd Pixel Data			
8	R12	RO2	Red Odd Pixel Data			
7	R13	RO3	Red Odd Pixel Data			
6	R14	RO4	Red Odd Pixel Data			
3	R17	RO7	Red Odd Pixel Data (MSB)	A3M A3P	No. 10 No. 11	RXO3- RXO3+
5	R15	RO5	Red Odd Pixel Data	A0M A0P	No. 1 No. 2	RXO0- RXO0+
2	G10	GO0	Green Odd Pixel Data (LSB)			
1	G11	GO1	Green Odd Pixel Data	A1M A1P	No. 3 No. 4	RXO1- RXO1+
100	G12	GO2	Green Odd Pixel Data			
94	G16	GO6	Green Odd Pixel Data	A3M A3P	No. 10 No. 11	RXO3- RXO3+
93	G17	GO7	Green Odd Pixel Data (MSB)			
99	G13	GO3	Green Odd Pixel Data	A1M A1P	No. 3 No. 4	RXO1- RXO1+
96	G14	GO4	Green Odd Pixel Data			
95	G15	GO5	Green Odd Pixel Data			
92	B10	BO0	Blue Odd Pixel Data (LSB)			
86	B16	BO6	Blue Odd Pixel Data	A3M A3P	No. 10 No. 11	RXO3- RXO3+
85	B17	BO7	Blue Odd Pixel Data (MSB)			
91	B11	BO1	Blue Odd Pixel Data	A1M A1P	No. 3 No. 4	RXO1- RXO1+
90	B12	BO2	Blue Odd Pixel Data	A2M A2P	No. 5 No. 6	RXO2- RXO2+
89	B13	BO3	Blue Odd Pixel Data			
88	B14	BO4	Blue Odd Pixel Data			
87	B15	BO5	Blue Odd Pixel Data			
4	R16	RO6	Red Odd Pixel Data	A3M A3P	No. 10 No. 11	RXO3- RXO3+

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	20/33

5.2.4 Even Pixel Data (2nd pixel data)

LVDS Transmitter (DS90C387) Signal Interface						
Device Input Pin		Device Input Signal		Output Signal	To LTM200KT10 Interface (CN1)	
No	Symbol	Symbol	Function		Terminal	Symbol
84	R20	RE0	Red Even Pixel Data (LSB)	A4M A4P	No. 12 No. 13	RXE0- RXE0+
81	R21	RE1	Red Even Pixel Data			
80	R22	RE2	Red Even Pixel Data			
79	R23	RE3	Red Even Pixel Data			
78	R24	RE4	Red Even Pixel Data			
75	R27	RE7	Red Even Pixel Data (MSB)	A7M A7P	No. 22 No. 23	RXE3- RXE3+
77	R25	RE5	Red Even Pixel Data	A4M A4P	No. 12 No. 13	RXE0- RXE0+
74	G20	GE0	Green Even Pixel Data (LSB)			
73	G21	GE1	Green Even Pixel Data	A5M A5P	No. 15 No. 16	RXE1- RXE1+
72	G22	GE2	Green Even Pixel Data			
66	G26	GE6	Green Even Pixel Data	A7M A7P	No. 22 No. 23	RXE3- RXE3+
65	G27	GE7	Green Even Pixel Data (MSB)			
71	G23	GE3	Green Even Pixel Data	A5M A5P	No. 15 No. 16	RXE1- RXE1+
70	G24	GE4	Green Even Pixel Data			
69	G25	GE5	Green Even Pixel Data			
64	B20	BE0	Blue Even Pixel Data (LSB)			
58	B26	BE6	Blue Even Pixel Data	A7M A7P	No. 22 No. 23	RXE3- RXE3+
57	B27	BE7	Blue Even Pixel Data (MSB)			
63	B21	BE1	Blue Even Pixel Data	A5M A5P	No. 15 No. 16	RXE1- RXE1+
62	B22	BE2	Blue Even Pixel Data	A6M A6P	No. 18 No. 19	RXE2- RXE2+
61	B23	BE3	Blue Even Pixel Data			
60	B24	BE4	Blue Even Pixel Data			
59	B25	BE5	Blue Even Pixel Data			
76	R26	RE6	Red Even Pixel Data	A7M A7P	No. 22 No. 23	RXE3- RXE3+

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	21/33

5.2.5 Timing Diagrams of LVDS For Transmitting
LVDS Receiver : Integrated T-CON

| MODEL | LTM200KT10 | Page | **22/33** |
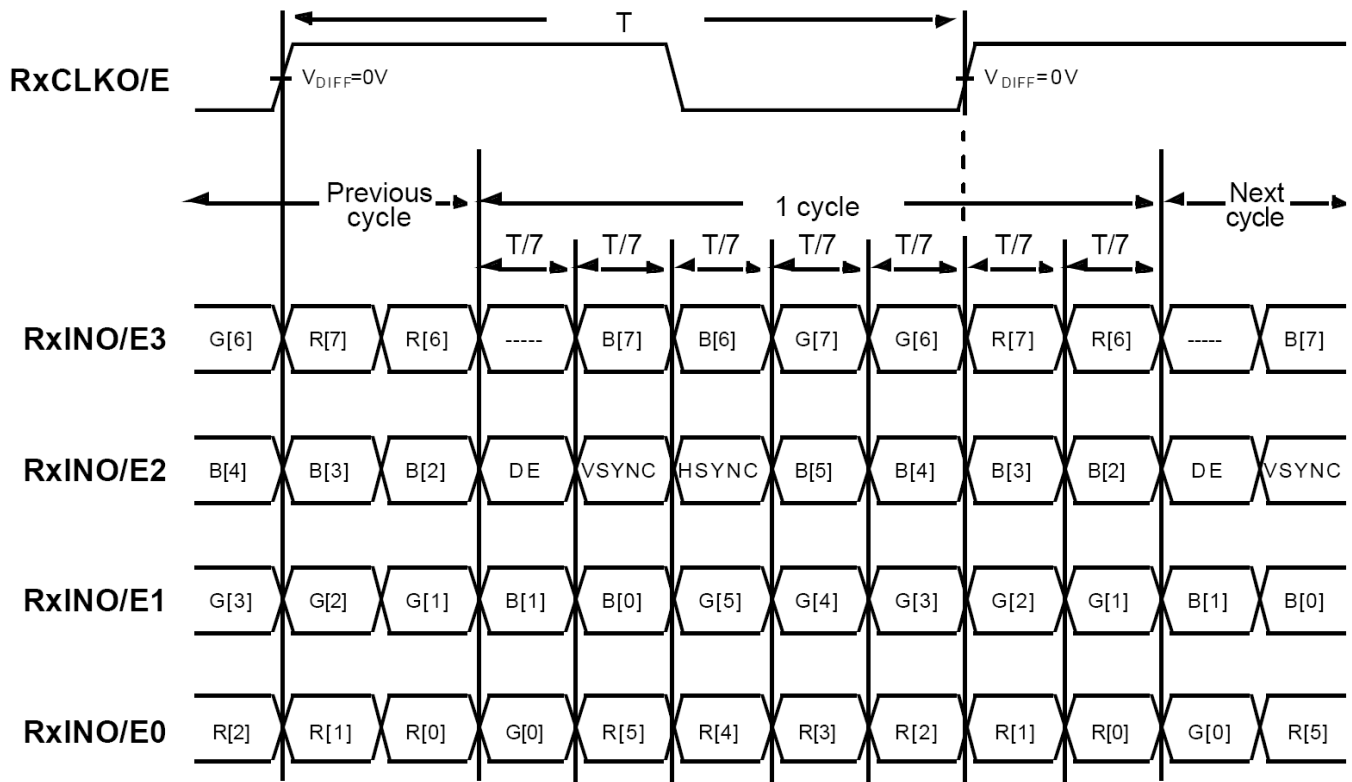
5.3 Back Light Unit

LED Bar input connector :
Connector: Molex 104086-0410 or equivalent
((Matching Connector : Molex Molex 104085-0400, 104085-0410 or equivalent)

Pin No.	Pin description	Function
1	Vin	LED power input
2	RTN 1	Channel 1 LED return
3	RTN 2	Channel 2 LED return
4	RTN 3	Channel 3 LED return

Note) Pin number starts from Left side

Rear view of panel

Connector

#4   #1

Fig. Connector diagram

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	**23/33**
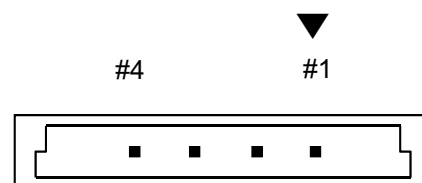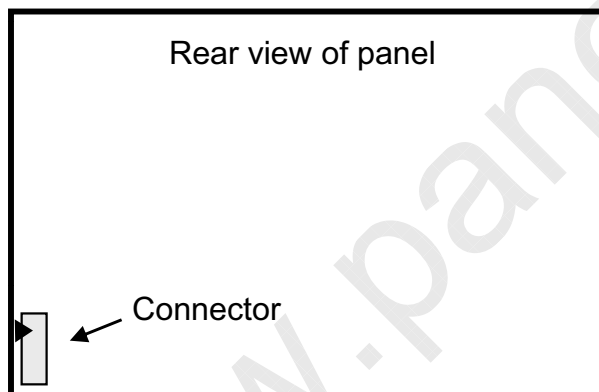
5.4 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

COLOR	DISPLAY (8bit)	RED R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	GREEN G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	BLUE B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	GRAY SCALE LEVEL
BASIC COLOR	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
GRAY SCALE OF RED	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0
	DARK ↑	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1
		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R2
		:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	:			R3~ R252
	↓	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	:			
	LIGHT	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R253
		0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R254
	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R255
GRAY SCALE OF GREEN	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G0
	DARK ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G2
		:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	:			G3~ G252
	↓	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	:			
	LIGHT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G253
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G254
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G255
GRAY SCALE OF BLUE	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B0
	DARK ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	B2
		:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	:			B3~ B252
	↓	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	:			
	LIGHT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	B253
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B254
	BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B255

Note (1) Definition of Gray :

Rn : Red Gray, Gn : Green Gray, Bn : Blue Gray (n = Gray level)

Input Signal : 0 = Low level voltage, 1 = High level voltage

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	24/33

PRODUCT INFORMATION

6. Interface Timing

6.1 Timing Parameters   (DE only mode)

SIGNAL	ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	NOTE
Clock	Frequency	$1/T_C$	48.5	59.2	76.1	MHz	-
Hsync		F_H	46.3	56.0	70.4	kHz	-
Vsync		F_V	50	60	75	Hz	-
Vertical Display Term	Active Display Period	T_{VD}	900	900	900	Lines	-
	Vertical Total	T_V	906	934	955	Lines	-
Horizontal Display Term	Active Display Period	T_{HD}	800	800	800	clocks	2pixel/ clock
	Horizontal Total	T_H	950	1056	1150	clocks	2pixel/ clock

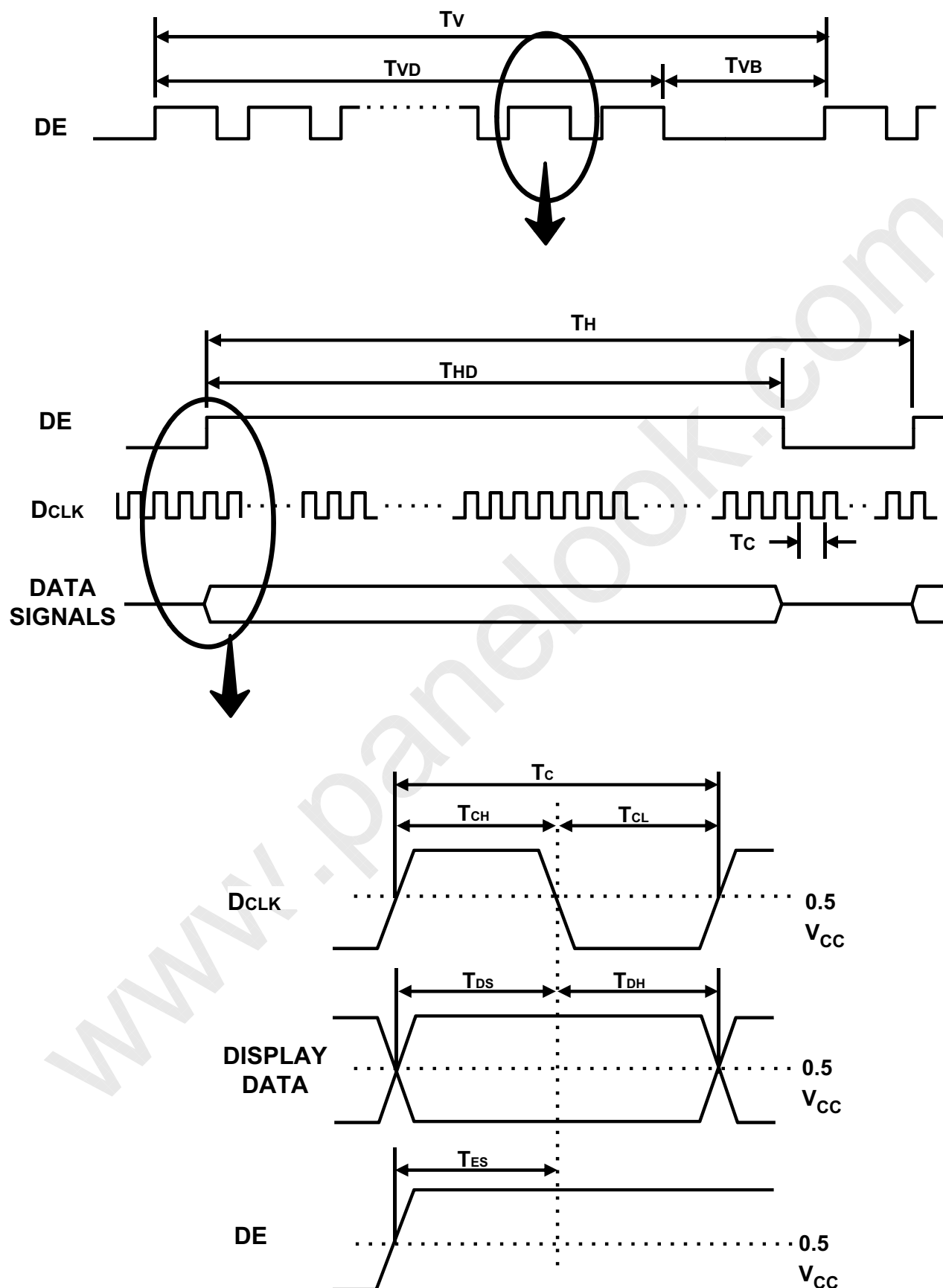Note (1) Test Point : TTL control signal and CLK at LVDS Tx input terminal in system

(2) Internal Vcc = 5.0V

(3) While operation, DE signal should be have the same cycle.

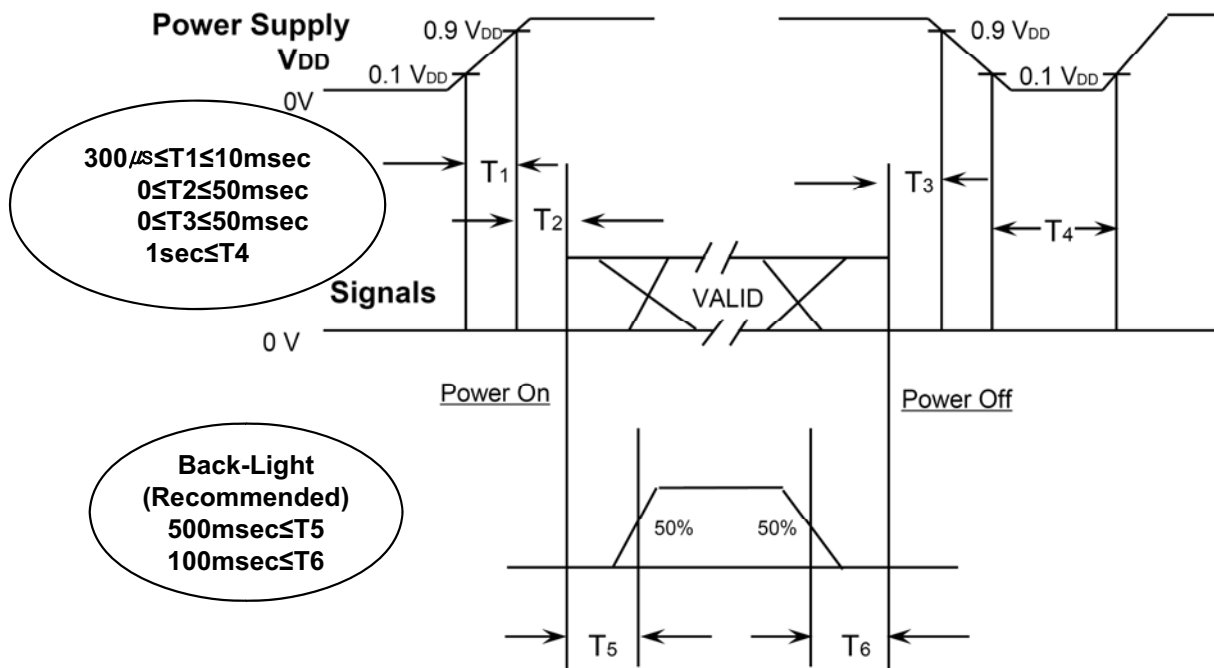(4) Main frequency Max is 76.1MHz without spread spectrum.

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	25/33

6.2 Timing diagrams of interface signal (DE only mode)

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	**26/33**

6.3 Power ON/OFF Sequence

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the LCD Module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.

T1 : V_{DD} rising time from 10% to 90%
T2 : The time from V_{DD} to valid data at power ON.
T3 : The time from valid data off to V_{DD} off at power Off.
T4 : V_{DD} off time for Windows restart
T5 : The time from valid data to B/L enable at power ON.
T6 : The time from valid data off to B/L disable at power Off.

- The supply voltage of the external system for the Module input should be the same as the definition of V_{DD}.
- Apply the LED voltage within the LCD operation range. When the back light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back light turns off, the display may momentarily show abnormal screen.
- In case of V_{DD} = off level, please keep the level of input signals low or keep a high impedance.
- T4 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Interface signal should not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	27/33

6.4 VDD Power Dip Condition
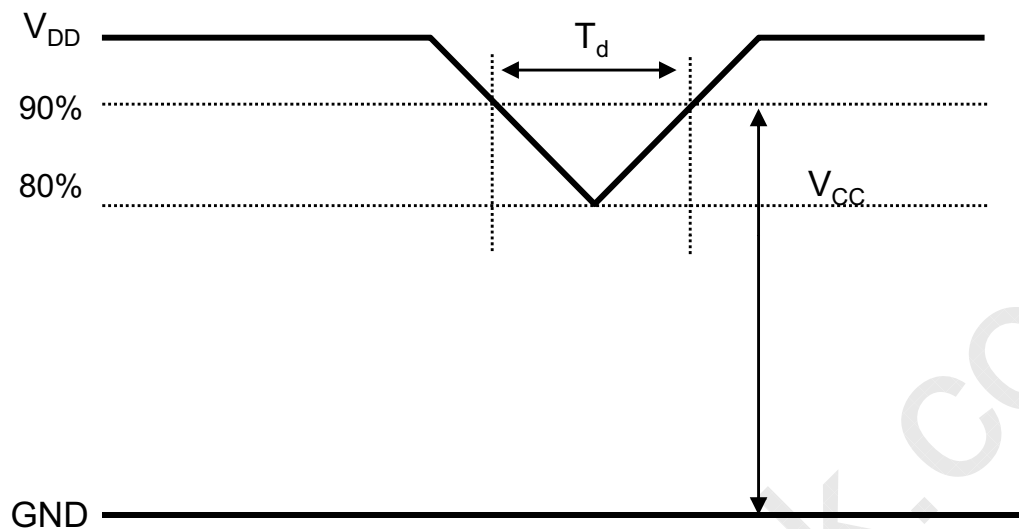
$$4.5V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5V$$
If V_{DD}(typ.) x 80% $\leq V_{CC} \leq V_{DD}$(typ) x 90%
Then, 0<Td $\leq$20msec

Note   (1) The above conditions are for the glitch of the input voltage.
    (2) For stable operation of an LCD Module power, please follow them.
     i.e., if typ VDD x 80% $\leq$ Vcc $\leq$ typ VDD x 90%, then T_d should be less than 20ms.

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	**28/33**

7. Outline Dimension

[Refer to the next page]

PRODUCT INFORMATION

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	**29/33**

* NOTES

1. BACKLIGHT : WHITE LED

2. LED CONNECTOR SPECIFICATION.
   - MAKER : MOLEX
   - PART NO. : 1040860410
     OR equivalent

3. I/F CONNECTOR SPECIFICATION.
   - MAKER:
   - PART NO.

4. USER MOUNTING TORQUE SPEC : 3 ~ 4 kgf-cm

116.2

90.7

71.3

116.2

69

116.2

4-41.5

Z-7.3

Z-7

Z-9.8

Z-6.6

Z-7.3

Z-7.7

2.1
2.35

2.1
3.6

2-M3 Screw
Depth Max 2.1

4 ±0.3

41 ±0.3

41 ±0.3

9.8 ±0.5

272±0.5 OUT SIZE

2 ±0.5

253.2 BEZEL OPEN

249.075 ACTIVE AREA

2 ±0.5

442.8 ACTIVE AREA

446.8 BEZEL OPEN

462.8±0.5 OUT SIZE

ACTIVE CENTER

4 ±0.3

41 ±0.3

41 ±0.3

2-M3 Screw
Depth Max 3.5

LTM200KT10

OUTLINE-D/M

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS

GENERAL TOLERANCE

8. General Precautions

8.1 Handling

(a) When the module is assembled, it should be attached to the system firmly using all mounting holes. Be careful not to twist and bend the module.

(b) Because the inverter uses high voltages, it should be disconnected from power source before it is assembled or disassembled.

(c) Refrain from strong mechanical shock and / or any force to the module. In addition to damage, it may cause improper operation or damage to the module and LED back light.

(d) Note that polarizer films are very fragile and could be damaged easily. Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead.

(e) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. If you leave the droplets for a long time, staining or discoloration may occur.

(f) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using absorbent cotton or soft cloth.

(g) Desirable cleaners are water, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might cause permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.

(h) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth . In case of contact with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away with soap thoroughly.

(i) Protect the Module from static, or the CMOS Gate Array IC would be damaged.

(j) Use finger-stalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.

(k) Do not disassemble the Module.

(I) Do not adjust the variable resistor located on the Module.

(m) Protection film for polarizer on the Module should be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.

(n) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	31/33

8.2 Storage

(a) Do not leave the Module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the Module with temperature from 5 to 40℃ and relative humidity of less than 70%.

(b) Do not store the TFT-LCD Module in direct sunlight.

(c) The Module should be stored in a dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light in storing.

(d) Storage period is recommended not to exceed 1 year.

8.3 Operation

(a) Do not connect or disconnect the Module in the "Power On" condition.

(b) Power supply should always be turned on/off by the item 6.3 "Power on/off sequence"

(c) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference should be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.

8.4 Operation Condition Guide

(a) The LCD product should be operated under normal conditions.
Normal condition is defined as below;
- Temperature : 20±15℃
- Humidity : 65±20%
- Display pattern : continually changing pattern (Not stationary)

(b) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, humidity, display patterns or operation time etc.., It is strongly recommended to contact SEC for Application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at Airports, Transit Stations, Banks, Stock market, and Controlling systems.

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	32/33

8.5 Others

(a) Ultra-violet ray filter is necessary for outdoor operation.

(b) Avoid condensation of water. It may result in improper operation or disconnection of electrode.

(c) Do not exceed the absolute maximum rating value. (supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in part contents and environmental temperature, and so on)
Otherwise the Module may be damaged.

(d) If the Module keeps displaying the same pattern for a long period of time, the image may be "stuck" to the screen.
To avoid image sticking, it is recommended to use a screen saver.

(e) This Module has its circuitry PCB's on the rear side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.

(f) Please contact SEC in advance when you display the same pattern for a long time.

MODEL	LTM200KT10	Page	33/33